# N. J. SHETTY & ASSOCIATES Chartered Accountants

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Members of Instasafe Technologies Private Limited

#### Report on the Audit of Consolidated financial statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Consolidated financial statements of Instasafe Technologies Private Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiary (the company and its subsidiary together referred to as "The Group"), which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as ("the Consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2023, the consolidated profit, consolidated total comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the Consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the Consolidated financial statements.

#### Other Matters

a) We did not audit the Standalone Financial Statement of Instasafe INC whose separate financial statement reflects total assets of Rs. 3,02,52,720 as at March 31, 2023 (Rs. 26,30,886/- as at March 31, 2022), Total revenue of Rs. 8,55,04,012 for the year ended March 31, 2023 (Rs. 7,93,42,515/- for the year ended March 31, 2022) has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in such country. These financial statements have been audited by other auditor whose reports have been furnished to us by the management. The Company's management has converted the audited financial statements of such subsidiary located outside India from accounting principles generally accepted in that country to accounting principles generally accepted in India. Our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of the subsidiary and our report in terms of sub-

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sections (3) and (11) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiary, is based solely on the reports of the other auditor.

Our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements above and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the financial statements and other financial information certified by the management. Our conclusion in so far relates to the balances and affairs of such subsidiary located outside India is based on the conversion adjustments prepared by the management of the Company and reviewed by another Chartered Accountant whose report has been furnished to us on which we placed reliance.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters ('KAM') are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

#### Auditor's Response

# Revenue – Transfer pricing adjustment to intercompany revenue

As described in Note 27 to the Financial Statements, Instasafe INC, being a wholly owned subsidiary of the company, is engaged primarily into sale of software licenses and other products developed by the company. Considering various factors, an arm's length mark-up has been computed and the company has invoiced for the transfer pricing adjustment.

Our audit procedures relating to transfer pricing adjustment are as follows:

- We have read the terms and conditions of the draft agreement entered into between parties.
- The assumptions used in computing the arm's length markup have been relied upon.
- Verified the computation of the transfer pricing adjustment made

# Evaluation of uncertain tax positions

The Company has material uncertain tax position including matter under dispute which involves significant judgment to determine the possible outcome of these dispute.

Refer Note 26 to the Standalone Financial Statements

We involved our internal experts to evaluate the management's underlying assumptions in determining disclosures made in the financial statements and the possible outcome of the dispute. Our internal experts also considered legal precedence and other material in evaluating management's position on these uncertain tax position.

#### Recognition of Intangible Asset

The Company has recognised material amount as an intangible asset during the financial year.

Ind AS 38 requires, for recognition of an intangible asset, fulfilling following criteria prescribed:

- · Technical and commercial feasibility
- · Intention to complete and ability to use it
- Ability of the asset to generate future economic benefits
- Availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources

We have evaluated the management assertion of the expenditure capitalised with respect to the criteria for capitalisation.



 Ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset

Refer to Note 28 to the Standalone Financial Statements

# Information Other than the Consolidated financial statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Director's is responsible for the preparation of other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the Consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of Consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report the fact. We are unable to report on any misstatements with respect to other information as the same wasn't made available for verification.

# Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated financial statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to preparation of these Consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position and consolidated financial performance, consolidated total comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the Ind-AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Consolidated financial statements.

As a part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- b. In our opinion proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of aforesaid Consolidated financial statements have been kept by the Group so far as appears from our examination of those books.
- c. The Consolidated Balance Sheet, Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of Consolidated financial statements
- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid Consolidated financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e. On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors of the Group company is disqualified as on March 31, 2023, from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A" which is based on the auditor's reports of the Company. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial control over financial reporting of the company, for reasons stated therein.
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - The Group has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial positions in Note 26 of its Consolidated financial statements.
  - The Group did not have any long -term contracts including derivative contracts for which there
    were any material foreseeable losses.
  - There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Group.
  - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
    - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
    - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
  - v. No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Holding Company.

h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended: CHARTERED CACCOUNTANTS

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In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Holding Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

### For N J Shetty & Associates

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 140718W

Nisha Shetty
Proprietor
ICAI Membership No. 164725

Place: Mumbai Date: May 22, 2023



# ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Instasafe Technologies Private Limited of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended March 31, 2023, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Instasafe Technologies Private Limited** (hereinafter referred to as "Company") as of that date.

## Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the respective Companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("the ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company.

# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.



#### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

THANE

For N J Shetty & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 140718W

Nisha Shetty Proprietor

ICAI Membership No. 164725

Place: Mumbai Date: May 22, 2023

	Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
I.	ASSETS			
1	Non-current assets			077
	a) Property, plant and equipment	4	1,613	976
	b) Capital work-in-progress	4	-	47 022
	c) Other Intangible Assets	4	58,271	47,923
	d) Financial assets		4.400	347
	i) Other Financial Assets	5	1,132	
	e) Deferred tax assets	15	1,609	3,744
	f) Current Tax Assets	9	1,040	1,431
	Total non-current assets	H	63,665	54,420
2	Current assets			
-	a) Financial assets		1	
	i) Investments	6	538	513
	ii) Trade receivables	7	48,487	12,945
	iii) Cash and cash equivalents	8	6,155	4,814
	b) Current tax assets (Net)	9	6,331	6,174
	c) Other current assets	10	1,788	1,413
	Total current assets		63,299	25,859
	Total Assets	-	1,26,964	80,279
п	EQUITY & LIABILITIES			
1	Equity		V 19	
1	a) Equity share capital	11	1,212	1,212
	a) Equity share capital b) Other equity	12	32,958	16,682
	Total equity		34,170	17,894
	Total equity	1		
2	Liabilities			
	Non-current liabilities			
	a) Financial Liabilities:	1		14,137
	i) Borrowings	13	15,551	
	b) Provisions	14	3,587	2,859
	c) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	15	-	-
	d) Other non-current liabilities	16	36,082	38,630
		1 1	55,220	55,626
	Current liabilities			
	a) Financial Liabilities:	1 1		
	i) Trade payables	17	9	
	a) Trade payables - outstanding dues to micro and small enterprises	1000	2,610	81
	b) Trade payables - outstanding dues to other than micro and small enterprise	18	8,655	3,080
	ii) Other financial liabilities	1	82	70
	b) Provisions	14		3,529
	c) Other current liabilities	19	26,217 37,573	6,759
	Total Equity and Liabilities		1,26,964	80,279
	Notes 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements			

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our audit report of even date

ACCOUNTAINTS F. R. NO. 140716W

THANE

For N J Shetty & Associates

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.140718W

Nisha Shetty Proprietor Membership No: 164725

Place: Mumbai Date: May 22, 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors InstaSafe Technologies Private Limited

BANGALORE

Sandio Kumar Panda

Director DIN: 06395769

Prakash Baburao Rane

Director DIN: 00152393

#### Instasafe Technologies Private Limited Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Rs. in Thousand)

_	Particulars	Notes	For the year ended	March 31,
			2023	2022
1	Income			1 20 000
	a) Revenue from operations	20	1,40,957	1,20,096
	b) Other income	21	5,121	3,610
	Total income		1,46,077	1,23,707
2	Expenses			70.407
	a) Operating Expense		5,543	52,197
	b) Employee benefits expense	22	42,029	29,353
	c) Finance costs	23	1,414	1,387
	d) Depreciation and amortisation expense	24	17,642	12,953
	e) Other expenses	25	61,596	40,850
	Total expenses		1,28,224	1,36,740
	Profit before exceptional items and tax (1-2)		17,853	(13,033)
1	Exceptional item			
	Profit before tax (3-4)		17,853	(13,033)
í	Tax expense			
	a) Current tax		176	
	b) Deferred tax		2,134	(4,266)
	c) Excess Provision of Tax for earlier years		(1,126)	-
	Total Tax expense		1,184	(4,266)
7	Profit for the year from continuing operations (5-6)		16,669	(8,767)
8	Other comprehensive income (OCI)			
	Items that will not to be reclassified to profit or loss			
	Measurements of defined employee benefit plans		351	164
	Exchange differences on translation into presentation currency		(746)	(102
	Income tax effect on the above			
	Total Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) net of Tax		(395)	62
9	Total comprehensive income for the year (7+8)		16,274	(8,706
	Earnings per equity share of Rs.10 each			
	a) Basic (In Rs.)	32	134.30	(71.84
	b) Diluted (In Rs.)	32	84.57	(45.24
	Notes 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements			

This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our audit report of even date

ACCOUNTANTS F.R. NO

1407154

THANE

For N J Shetty & Associates

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.140718W

Nisha Shetty Proprietor Membership No: 164725

Place: Mumbai Date: May 22, 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors InstaSafe Technologies Private Limited

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BANGALORE

Sandip Kumar Panda

Director DIN: 06395769 Prakash Baburao Rane Director

DIN: 00152393

(Rs.	Thousand)
For	the year

		(Rs. Thousand)
Particulars	For the year	For the year
Particulars	ended March 31, 2023	ended March 31, 2022
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit /(Loss) before tax from continuing operations	17,853	(13,033)
Profit / (Loss) before tax from discontinuing operations		11.000
Profit before income tax including discontinued operations	17,853	(13,033)
Non-cash adjustment to profit /(loss) before tax:	17.40	12.953
Depreciation	17,642	
Interest income		(582
Finance cost	1,414	1,387
Fair Valuation Gain on Preference Shares	(2,547)	(2,759
Liability written back	-	-
Debtor Balances written-off		268
Exchange differences on translation into presentation currency	(746)	(102
Change in fair value of financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	189	(17
	33,806	(1,885
Change in operating assets and liabilities :		
Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables	(35,542)	12,040
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	2,538	(576
Decrease/(increase) in loans & other financial assets	(785)	7 20 37
Decrease/(increase) in other current assets	(375)	(771
Increase/(decrease) in other financials liabilities	5,575	(1,337
Increase/(decrease) in other current liabilities	22,688	(4,741
Increase/(decrease) in non-current provisions	728	733
Increase/(decrease) in current provisions	12	13
Cash from Operations	28,646	3,476
Direct tax paid	1,146	(2,296
Net cash flow generated /(used in) operating activities (A)	29,793	1,181
Cash flow from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(920)	(615
Payment for software development cost	(27,532)	(22,943
(Investment in) / Redemption of mutual funds	(arr) critical	(400) 7 10
Interest income		582
Net cash from / (used in) investing activity	(28,451)	(22,976
rect cash from / (used in) investing activity	(20),402)	(and)
Cash flow from financing activity		
Increase/(decrease) in financials liabilities - borrowings	1,414	1,387
Increase/(decrease) in fair value of Preference Shares Liability	(2.547)	(2,759
Fair Valuation Gain on Preference Shares	2.547	2,759
Finance cost	(1,414)	(1,387
Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activity	- 414519	
	1.742	(21,795
Net increase/(decrease) in cash & cash equivalents	1,342 4,814	26,609
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		4,814
Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the year	6,155	4,814
Cash and cash equivalents as per note 8 to the financial statements		The state of
Balance with Bank	6,155	4,814
Cash in hand	-	-
Cheques in hand		
Total	6,155	4,814

For N J Sherty & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.140718W

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CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
F. R. NO.
140716W
THANE

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Nisha Shetty Proprietor Membership No: 164725

Place: Mumbai Date: May 22, 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors InstaSafe Technologics Private Limited

BANGALORE

Director DIN: 06395769

Prakash Baburao Rane Director DIN: 00152393

Instasafe Technologies Private Limited Consolidated statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2023

#### A Equity Share Capital

(Rs. in Thousand) Changes in equity Changes in equity Restated balance a Balance as share capital due to share capital during Balance as at April 01, 2021 at March 31, 2022 at April 01, 2021 prior period errors the year 1,212 1.212

(Rs. in Thousand)

Balance as at A	pril 01, 2022	Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance as	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at March 31, 2023
	1,212	-	1,212	-	1,212

#### B Other Equity

(Rs. in Thousand)

		Other I	Equity	
Particulars	Reserves a	nd Surplus	Items of other comprehensive income	Total
	Securities Premium Reserve	Retained Earnings	Actuarial Gain / (Loss)	Total
As at April 01, 2021	15,379	9,492	516	25,387
Profit/(Loss) for the Year		(8,767)		(8,767)
Exchange difference on translation into presentation currency			(102)	(102)
Remeasurement of defined benefit Plan			164	164
Balance as at March 31, 2022	15,379	725	577	16,682
As at April 01, 2022	15,379	. 725	577	16,682
Profit/(Loss) for the Year		16,670		16,670
Exchange difference on translation into presentation currency			(746)	(745.5)
Remeasurement of defined benefit Plan			351	351
Balance as at March 31, 2023	15,379	17,395	183	32,957

Notes 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements

This is the Statement of Changes in Equity referred to in our audit report of even date

Pursuant to the requirements of Division II to Schedule III, below is the nature and purpose of each reserve:

Securities premium - Securities premium reserve is used to record the premium received on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of section 52 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Retained earnings - Retained earnings comprises of prior and current year's undistributed earnings after tax.

F. R NO.

THANE

As per our report attached.

For N J Shetty & Associates

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.140718W

Nisha Shetty Proprietor Membership No: 164725

Place: Mumbai Date: May 22, 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors InstaSafe Technologies Private Limited

BANGALORE

ip Kumar Panda Director

DIN: 06395769

Prakash Baburao Rane Director

DIN: 00152393

Instassafe Technobgies Private Limited Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

4. Property, plant and equipment

(Rs. in Thousand)

		5	Gross carrying Value	alue		Y	Accumulated depreciation and impairment	on and impair	nent	Net carrying Value	ing Value
Particulais	As at 1st April 2022	Additions during the year	Deletions during the year	Transfers	As at 31st March 2023	As at 1st April 2022	Depreciation / amortisation for the year	Deductions or Adjustments	As at 31st March 2023	As at 31st March 2023	As at As at 31st March 2022
Property, plant ard equipments: Computers	1,833	224			2,057	1,130	370		1,500	557	702
Office equipment	163	574			737	130	42	•	172	565	33
Office Furniture	249	297		ł	546	80	46	E)	54	492	241
Total	2,244	1,095			3,340	1,268	458		1,726	1,613	926
Intangible assets Software	77,954	27,532	í		1,05,485	30,030	17,185	,	47,215	58,271	47,923
Grand Total	80,198	28,627		1	1,08,825	31,298	17,642		48,941	59,884	48,899
Previous year	56,640	23,558			80,198	18,345	12,953		31,298	48,899	38,295
Capital work-in-progress		27,532		27,532		,	,		,		

		-S	Gross carrying Value	alue		Y	Accumulated depreciation and impairment	on and impaim	ient	Net carrying Value	ing Value
Particulars	As at 1st April 2021	Additions during the year	Deletions during the year	Transfers	As at 31st March 2022	As at 1st April 2021	Depreciation / amortisation for the year	Deductions or Adjustments	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2022	As at As at 31st March 2021
Property, plant and equipments: Computers	1,466	366	t	1	1,833	839	291		1,130	702	627
Office equipment	163	•		,	163	107	23		130	33	99
Office Furniture		249	11	Y & Ac	249		8	•	8	241	*
Total	1,629	615	18	6	2,244	946	322		1,268	926	683
			1011	HARTERED							
Intangible asset Software	55,011	22,943	77	F. R. NO. 140718W	456'LL (ATES	17,399	12,631		30,030	47,923	
Grand Total	56,640	23,558	-	1	80,198	18,345	12,953	•	31,298	48,899	38,295
			1	4							
Previous year	39,832	16,808	/		56,640	9,405	8,940		18,345	58,288	20,427
Capital work-in-trogress	-	22,943		22,943				,			
0											

Other Financial Assets		(Rs. i	n Thousand)
		As at Ma	arch 31,
	Particulars	2023	2022
Security Deposits Unsecured, considered go	bood	1,132	347
	Total non-current loans	1,132	347

Current Investments	As at Ma	n Thousand
Particulars		And the second
	2023	2022
Investment in mutual funds		
Quoted		
Investments carried at Fair value through the statement of Profit and Loss:	520	243
Investments in Mutual Funds	538	513
Total Current Investments	538	513
	538	513
Aggregate books value of quoted	538	513
Aggregate books value of quoted investments		
Aggregate books value of quoted	538	513

Trade Receivable	(Rs. in	Thousand)
Particulars  ande Receivable  ande Receivables - Considered good and secured  ande Receivables - Considered good and unsecured  ande Receivables - Doubtful which have significant increase in Credit Risk  ande Receivables - Credit Impaired	As at Ma	rch 31,
Particulars	2023	2022
Trade Receivable		
Trade Receivables - Considered good and secured		
Trade Receivables - Considered good and unsecured	48,487	12,945
Trade Receivables - Doubtful which have significant increase in Credit Risk		
Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired		
Total Trade Receivable	48,487	12,945

Trade Receivable Ageing March-23	As at March 31, 2023						
Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 Month -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	39,486	8,932	68	1		48,487	
Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk							
Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-						
Disputed Trade Receivables- considered good				-			
Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk							
Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired		-	-	-	-	- 1	
Total Trade receivables	39,486	8,932	68			48,487	

Trade Receivable Ageing March-22 Particulars	As at March 31, 2022					
	Less than 6 months	6 Month - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	12,541	188		2	214	12,945
Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk		-		-	-	
Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired		-				
Disputed Trade Receivables- considered good			+			
Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk			353			1011
Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	-					
Total Trade receivables	12,541	188		2	214	12,945

Cash and cash equivalents	As at Ma	March 31,	
Particulars	2023	2022	
Balances with banks in current accounts	6,155	4,814	
(i) In current accounts	0,133	4,014	
(ii) Deposits with original maturity less than 3 months			
Cash on hand			
Total cash and cash equivalents	6,155	4,814	

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CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS F. R. NO. 140718W THANE

\*

Income Tax Assets (net)	(Rs. i	n Thousand)
	As at Ma	arch 31,
Particulars	2023	2022
Current Assets Income tax paid Less: - Provision for Income tax	6,510 179	13,864 7,690
Total Non Current Income Tax Assets (net)	6,331	6,174
Non - Current Assets TDS Receivable FY 17-18 TDS Receivable FY 16-17	1,040	391 1,040
Total Current Income Tax Assets (net)	1,040	1,431

Other current assets	(Rs. ir	Thousand
Particulars	2023	2022
Prepaid expense	1,724	1,342
Advance to Vendor	52	71
Other Advance	12	1
Total Other current assets	1,788	1,413

3 Borrowing	(Rs. in	Thousand)
	As at Mar	ch 31,
Particulars	2023	2022
Loan from ABM Knowledgeware Limited - Preference share liability	15,551	14,137
Total Borrowing	15,551	14,137

Provisions		As at 1	March 31,	
Particulars	Non cu	rrent	Curr	ent
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Provision for Gratuity	3,587	2,858	82	70
Total Provisions	3,587	2,859	82	70

Deferred Tax Asset/Liability		n Thousand)	
	As at Ma	March 31,	
Particulars	2023	2022	
Deductible Expenditure	000	737	
Expenses allowed on Payment basis	923		
Tax Losses to be carried forward		4,100	
Depreciation adjustment as per Books and Income Tax	686	(1,093)	
Total Deferred Asset/(Liability)	1,609	3,744	

### Movement in gross deferred tax liability/asset

Particulars	Opening	Recognised in Profit and Loss	Closing Balance
2022-2023			
Deferred Tax Liability/Asset in Relation to Unabsorbed depreciation as per Income tax Tax Losses to be carried forward Expenses provided but allowable on payment basis	(1,093) 4,100 737	1,779 (4,100) 186	686 923
Total	3,744	(2,134)	1,609
2021-2022  Deferred Tax Liability/Asset in Relation to Unabsorbed depreciation as per Income tax Tax Losses to be carried forward Expenses provided but allowable on payment basis	(1,112)	4,100 147	(1,093 4,100 737
Expenses provided but anowable on payment basis  Total	(522)	4,266	3,74



Instasafe Technologies Private Limited
Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

Other Non Current liabilities	As at Mar		
Particulars	2023	2022	
Fair valuation liability on preference shares	36,082	38,630	
	36,082	38,630	
Total Other Non Current liabilities			

#### (Rs. in Thousand) As at March 31, 17 Trade payables Particular 2023 Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises Total Tends page 2,610 2,619

Total Trade payables (Rs. In Thousand)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023					
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
Micro and small enterprises	9			-	9	
Other than micro and small enterprises	2,610	- 27		-	2,610	
Disputed dues - micro and small enterprises	Server of the extra		-	-		
Disputed dues - creditors other than micro and small enterprises		-		-		
Total Trade payables	2,619			-	2,619	

Frade payables Ageing March-22 Particulars	As at March 31, 2022					
	Less than	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
Micro and small enterprises						
Other than micro and small enterprises	81				8:	
Disputed dues - micro and small enterprises						
Disputed dues – creditors other than micro and small enterprises		-	-			
Total Trade payables	81			-	81	

#### 18 Other financial liabilities

As at March 31 2023 2022 Particulars 896 2,184 **3,080** Salary & Employee Benefit Payable Liability for expenses

(Rs. in Thousand)

Liability for expenses		8,655	3,080
Total Other finar	icial liabilities	Olone	
		(Rs. in	Thousand
Other current liabilities		As at Ma	rch 31
Particu	lars	2023	2022
		4,958	2,097
Statutory Liabilities			694
Advance from Customers			
Unearned Revenue:		738	57.
Opening Balance		(738)	(573
Less: Revenue recognised		21,260	738
Add: Contract Liability		21,260	738
Total Unearned Revenue		26,217	3,529
Total Other final	ncial liabilities	20,217	3,020



#### 11 Equity share capital

(Rs. In Thousand)

Particulars	As at March 31 2023		As at March 31 2022	
	Authorised share Capital (a) Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each with voting rights	1,56,600	1,566	1,56,600
(b) Compulsory convertible Preference shares of Rs. 170/- each	73,142	12,434	73,142	12,434
	2,29,742	14,000	2,29,742	14,000
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up share capital (a) Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each with voting rights (b) Compulsory convertible Preference shares	1,21,175	1,212	1,21,175	1,212
of Rs. 170/- each		-		4.040
	1,21,175	1,212	1,21,175	1,212

(i) Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Opening Balance	1,21,175	1,212	1,21,175	1,212
Conversion of compulsory convertible preference shares into equity share				
Closing Balance	1,21,175	1,212	1,21,175	1,212

# (ii) The rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The Company has issued one class of shares referred to as equity shares with a par value of Rs 10/- each. The voting rights on equity shares is restricted to only one vote per share.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

## (iii) Terms of conversion of compulsory convertible preference chares

Preference shares will be converted into such number of fully paid up equity shares as per the terms & conditions set out in Share subscription and share holding agreement (SSSHA) within a period of 20 years from the effective date of SSSHA i.e. 12 May 2017.

#### (iv) Disclosure of number of shares held by Holding Company

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Equity shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid ABM Knowledgeware Limited	25,225	25,225

# (v) Details of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares:

	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
Name of shareholder	Number of shares held	% holding in that class of shares	Number of shares held	% holding in that class of shares
Equity shares of Rs.10/- fully paid up with				
voting rights	63,631	52.5%	63,631	52.5%
Sandip Kumar Panda	15,151	12.5%	15,151	12.5%
Biju George	7,070	5.8%	7,070	5.8%
Sunil Kumar Pillai	10,098	8.3%	10,098	8.3%
Prashanth Guruswamy ABM Knowledgeware Limited	25,225	20.8%	25,225	20.8%



# (vi) Details of shares held by Promoters

Shares held by promoters	As at March 31, 2023			
Promoter name	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year	
Sandip Kumar Panda	63,631	52.51% 12.50%		
Biju George	15,151 10,098	8.33%		
Prashanth Guruswamy ABM Knowledgeware Limited	25,225	20.82%		

Shares held by promoters		As at March 31, 2022		
Promoter name	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year	
Sandip Kumar Panda Biju George Prashanth Guruswamy	63,631 15,151 10,098 25,225	52.51% 12.50% 8.33% 20.82%	LE TOP S	

Other equity Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
(a) Securities Premium	15,379	15,379
Opening balance	15,317	Lugier
Add: Premium received on allotment		
Add: Premium on conversion of compulsory convertible preference shares into equity		
shares	15,379	15,379
Closing balance	15,379	10,075
(b) Surplus / (Deficit) in Statement of		
Profit and Loss	2,395	10,999
Opening balance	17,021	(8,604)
Add: Profit / (Loss) for the year	19,416	2,395
Closing balance	19,410	2,070
(c) Foreign Currency Translation Reserve (FCTR)	(1,091)	(989)
Opening balance	(746)	
Add: Exchange difference on translation into presentation currency		
Closing balance	(1,837)	(1,071)
Total Other Equity (a) + (b) + (c)	32,958	16,682

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**Revenue From Operations** 

	(Rs. in Thousand)
ended M	arch 31,
	2022
8,971	1,27,419
	7 200

	Year ended March 31,		
Particulars	2023	2022	
Income from sale of products and services	1,58,971	1,27,419	
Less: GST recovered	18,015	7,322	
Total revenue from operations	1,40,957	1,20,096	

(Rs. in Thousand) Other income

	Year ended Ma	arch 31,
Particulars	2023	2022
Income related to financial assets		
Interest on FD	EXCEPTION OF THE REST	582
Interest on income tax refund	392	
Other non - operating income		
Fair valuation gain on preference shares	2,547	2,759
Fair valuation on financial asset	25	17
Miscellaneous Income	0	3
Gain on foreign currency translation	2,157	248
Total Other Income	5,121	3,610

(Rs. in Thousand)

imployee benefit expenses	Year ended March 31,		
Particulars	2023	2022	
Salaries, Incentives and allowances	39,842	28,428	
Contribution to provident and other funds	2,131	746	
Staff welfare Expenses	56	179	
Total Employee Benefit Expenses	42,029	29,353	

Finance cost

(Rs. in Thousand)

naire cost	Year ended March 31,		
Particulars	2023	2022	
Particulars rest Expenses on Loan From ABM  Total finance cost	1,414	1,387	
Total finance cost	1,414	1,387	

Depreciation and amortisation expenses

(Rs. in Thousand)

Year ended Ma	arch 31,
2023	2022
172	322
17,471	12,631
17,642	12,953
	2023 172 17,471



25 (i) Other expenses

(Rs. in Thousand)

	Year ended March 31,		
Particulars	2023	2022	
Rent	1,739	140	
Rates and taxes	737	161	
Communication expenses	961	3,623	
Commission	2,815	3,101	
Data centre expenses	630	549	
Travelling and conveyance	2,179	395	
Purchase/subscription of software	640	238	
Sales promotion and marketing expenses	5,497	2,534	
Website hosting/domain renewals	386	302	
Professional Fee to Consultants	11,571	15,843	
Bank charges	132	255	
Cloud Charges	24,725	11,016	
Insurance Expenses	1,322	452	
SMS Charges	1,008	595	
Miscellaneous expenses	7,169	1,561	
Total other expenses	61,512	40,765	

25 (ii) Payment to auditors

(Rs. in Thousand)

(ii) I ayincii to auditota	Year ended March 31,		
Particulars	2023	2022	
Audit of the Company:			
Statutory & Tax Audit	85	85	
Total payment to auditors	85	85	

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Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

#### t t t t to the second and accorded for

Contingent liabilities and capital commitments (to the extend not provided for):	As at March	31,
Particulars	2023	2022
(i) Contingent Liabilities:		
Claims against the Company, not acknowledged as debts*	3,886	3,886
Capital commitments:		
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital contracts and not provided for		
Other Commitments		

\*For Assessment Year 2016 - 2017, the Company has received assessment order u/s 143(3) of the Income Tax Act, dated 18th December 2018, taising a tax demand of Rs. 38,85,541. The Company has already contested the demand at the appropriate Appellate Forum and the Management feels that the outcome of the appeal will be in the company's favour in as much as the grounds on which the additions made to the income are applicable to many start-ups.

Instasafe INC (Instasafe US) was incorporated in August, 2018 as a wholly owned subsidiary of Instasafe Technologies Private Limited (Instasafe India). Instasafe US was engaged mainly as a distributor for sale of software licenses and other products which are developed by Instasafe India.

Any transaction with an associated enterprise which is non-resident and have an bearing on the profits, income, losses or assets of such enterprises, then such transaction are termed as 'international transaction'. Such International transaction entered with the associated enterprise will result into applicability of transfer pricing provisions as per the Income Tax Act, 1961. The transfer pricing provisions requires the transaction between associated enterprises to be at arm's length. The transfer pricing provisions entails computation of Arm's length price through various methods and benchmark analysis, and this price is used for transacting with the associated enterprise.

28 Intangible Assets

During the Financial year 2022-23, an additional amount of Rs. 27,532 thousand has been recognised as an Intangible asset on fulfilment of the recognition criteria during the financial year 2022-23.

The useful life of the intangible asset is estimated to be 5 years and overall amortisation has been worked out accordingly.

Particulars

#### 29 Earnings in Foreign Exchange

	(Rs. in Thousand)	
For the year ended		
March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
67,831	9,619	

#### Service-as a -Subscription 30 Employee benefits

a) Short term employee benefits
All employee benefits falling due within twelve months of rendering the services are classified as short term employee benefits, which include benefits like salaries, wages and performance incentives and are recognised as expenses in the period in which the employee renders the related services.

# b) Long term employee benefits Defined contribution plans Provident fund:

Provident tune:
The company operated defined benefits contribution retirement benefits plans for all qualifying employees.
The total expense recognized in the statement of profit and loss of Rs. 10,39,540 represents contributions paid to provident fund by the Company at rates specified in rules of the plans. (For the year ended March 31, 2022; Rs. 7,93,422)

1.0	D.	4-	Thousand)
- 4	EAS.	122	THOUSAITO

Movement in plan assets and Plan Habilides:-	As at March 31,	
Particulars	2023	2022
Amount recognised in the statement of Profit and Loss		587
Current service cost	884	159
Finance cost/(income)	208	159
Past service cost	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	746
Total expense recognised in the Statement of profit /loss	1,092	740
Amount recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)	ges.	(164
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss recognised for the period	(351)	(104
Return on plan assets excluding net interest		(164
Total actuarial (gain)/loss recognised in	(351)	(164
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)	The same of the sa	

Particulars	As at Marc	As at March 31,		
	2023	2022		
Changes in present value of obligation		2,346		
Present value of obligation at the beginning	2,928			
Interest cost	208	159		
Current service cost	884	587		
Past service cost	*			
Benefits paid				
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on present value of obligation	(351)	(164) 2,928		
Present value of obligation at the end	3,669	2,520		
Actuarial assumptions				
Financial assumptions	7 2004	7.10%		
Discount rate	7.29%	5.00%		
Salary Escalation	5.00%	2.00%		
Attrition	2.00%	2.007		
Demographic assumptions		IALM (2006-08)		
Mortality rate	IALM (2012-14) Ultimate	Ultimate		



#### c) The defined benefit obligations shall mature after year end March 31, 2023 as follows:

(Rs.	in T	housand)	

		As at March 31,	
Yea		2023	2022
First year		82	70
Second year		94	72
Third year		103	83
Fourth year	A STATE OF THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF THE	120	91
Fifth year		132	102
Sixth to Ten year		747	575

Sensitivity analysis:

Below is the sensitivity analysis determined for significant actuarial assumption for determination of defined obligation and based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period.

(Rs. in Thousand)

		As at March 31,	
Particular		2023	2022
Discount rate increase by 100 basis Points		3,248	2,586
Discount rate decrease by 100 basis Points		4,166	3,332
Salary Escalation rate increase by 100 basis points		4,087	3,255
Salary Escalation rate decrease by 100 basis points		3,275	2,587

#### 31 Related party transactions

a) List of related parties and its relationships Directors

Mr. Sandip Kumar Panda Mr. Sharadchandra Damodar Abhyankar Mr. Prakash Baburao Ranc Mr. Prashanth Guruswamy

Holding Company Wholly Owned Subsidiary

ABM Knowledgeware Ltd Instasafe INC

### b) Following is the summary of significant transactions with related parties

(Rs. in Thousand)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Remuneration to key management personnel Salary to Mr. Sandip Kumar Panda Salary to Mr. Prashanth Guruswamy	6,500 5,600	4,500 3,600

c) Amount payable to related parties are as follows:	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Payable to Mr. Sandip Kumar Panda Payable to Mr. Prashanth Guruswamy	1,618 165	150 165
Tayane to re. Transanti Outowally	1,783	315

#### 32 Earning Per Share

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Net Profit After tax (In Rs.)	16,274	(8,706)
Weighted Average number of Equity shares outstanding basic (In	121	121
thousand)		
Weighted Average number of Equity shares outstanding Diluted (In	192	192
thousand)		
Farnings per share- Basic (In Rs.)	134.30	(71.84)
(Face value of Rs. 10/-each)		
Earnings per share- Diluted (In Rs.)	84.57	(45.24)
(Face value of Rs. 10/-each)		

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# Instasafe Technologies Private Limited Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

#### 33 Capital management

#### 33.1 Risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to

- (i) Safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and
- (ii) Maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Company monitors capital on the basis of the following gearing ratio: Net debt (total borrowings net of cash and cash equivalents)

divided by

Total 'equity' (as shown in the balance sheet, including non-controlling interests).

The Company's strategy is to maintain a gearing ration within 1:1. The gearing ratios were as follows:

	As at March 31,	
	2023	2022
Net debt	15,551	14,137
Total equity	34,170	17,894
Net debt to equity ratio	0.46	0.79

#### 33.2 Financial Instruments

### (i) Method and assumptions used to estimate the fair value

A number of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value, for both financial as well as non assets and liabilities. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal market or the most advantageous market must be accessible to the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy Based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole. The fair value hierarchy is described as below:

Level 1: unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability

#### March 31, 2023

Particulars	Classification		Fair Value				
Taracanto	Carrying Value	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets				1000000			
Other Financial Assets	1,132			1,132			
Trade Receivables	48,487			48,487			
Cash & Cash equivalents	6,155			6,155			
Investments	538	538			538		
nive surience	56,312	538		55,774	538	-	
Financial Liabilities			Classification		Fair V	Value	
2 11111101111 23111011111	Carrying Value			Amortised			
		FVTPL	FVTOCI	Cost	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Borrowings	15,551			15,551			
Trade payables	2,619			2,619			
Other financial liabilities	8,655			8,655			W. A.
Ouici maneat natinges	26,825	01 T T T	-	26,825			



#### March 31, 2022

		Classification			Fair Value	
Carrying Value			Amortised			
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Cost	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
347						
12,945			1172			
4,814			4,814			
513	513		-	513		
18,618	513		18,105	513	-	
		Classification		Fair V	Value	
Carrying Value			Amortised			
Carrying , and	FVTPL	FVTPL	Cost	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
14,137			14,137			
			81			
			3,080			
17,297			17,297	-	-	
	347 12,945 4,814 513 18,618 Carrying Value	347 12,945 4,814 513 513 18,618  Carrying Value FVTPL  14,137 81 3,080	Carrying Value         FVTPL         FVTOCI           347         12,945         4,814           4,814         513         513           513         513         -           Carrying Value         FVTPL         FVTPL           14,137         81         3,080	Carrying Value         FVTPL         FVTOCI         Amortised Cost           347         12,945         12,945           4,814         4,814         4,814           513         513         -           18,618         513         -         18,105           Classification           Carrying Value         FVTPL         FVTPL         Amortised Cost           14,137         14,137         81         81           3,080         3,080         3,080	Carrying Value         FVTPL         FVTOCI         Amortised Cost         Level 1           347         12,945         12,945         4,814         513	Carrying Value         FVTPL         FVTOCI         Amortised Cost         Level 1         Level 2           347 12,945 4,814 513 513 18,618         347 12,945 4,814 513 513 513 - 513 - 513 - 513 - 513 - 18,105         513 513 513 - 513 513 - 513         - 513 513 513         - 513 513         - 513 513

## 33.3 Financial Risk Management

The board of director has overall responsibility for the establishment & oversight of the company's risk management framework. The Company's activities are exposed to various risk viz. Credit Risk, Liquidity Risk and Market Risk. In order to minimise any adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company, it uses various instruments and follows policies set up by the Board of Directors/Management.

Trade receivables consists of large number of customers spread across diverse industries and geographical areas with no significant concentration of credit risk. The outstanding trade receivables are regularly monitored and appropriate action is taken for collection of overdue receivables.

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# Instasafe Technologies Private Limited Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

# 34 Balance Confirmations from Debtors and Creditors:

The balances of Sundry Debtors, Sundry Creditors and loans & advances are subject to confirmation and considered as per records provided before us. During the year, the management has not sent the confirmation letters. In the opinion of the management, no material differences will arise in the balances.

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Micro and Small Enterprises	For the year ended March 31,		
Particulars	2023	2022	
(a) the principal amount and the interest due thereon (to be shown separately) remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of each accounting year			
(b) the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (27 of 2006), along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year			
(c) the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which has been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006			
(d) the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year #			
(e) the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006			

# The amount due to each vendor is immaterial as per the management and as such no interest has been provided in the previous period.

Instasafe Technologies Private Limited

Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

#### Additional Disclosure

#### Significant Financial Ratios

Ratio	Current Period	Previous Period	% of Variance	Reason for Variance
a) Current Ratio	1.68	3.83	(55.97)	Note 1
b) Return on Equity Ratio (%)	64%	-39%	262.51	Note 2
c) Trade Receivables tumover ratio	4.59	6.29	(27.01)	Note 3
(d) Net capital tumover satio	5.48	6.29	(12.86)	
(e) Net profit satio (%)	11.83%	-7.30%	262.00	Note 4
(f) Return on Capital employed (%)	56.39%	-65.08%	186.64	Note 5
(g) Return on investment (%)	4,69%	3.42%	37.03	Note 6

- Note 1: Current ratio has decreased on account of the increase in current liability & decrease in current assets for the current year.
- Note 2: The return on Equity ratio has increased significantly on account of Profit in CY as compared to loss in last year.

  Note 3: Trade Receivables turnover ratio has decreased on account of the significant increase in Sales in the current year.
- Note 4: Net profit ratio increased on account of Profit in CY as compared to loss in last year.
- Note 5: Return on capital Employed has increased on account of Profit in CY as compared to loss in last year
- Note 6: Return on Investment has increased on account of higher return as compared to last year on the underlying fund.

- 36(ii) There are no immovable property held by the company.
  36(iii) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment.
  36(iv) No Loans or Advances in the nature of loans are granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties.
  36(v) There are no capital work-in-progress and intangible assets under development.

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**ACCOUNTANTS** F.R. NO. 140718W

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- No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2023 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- 36(vii) The company is not declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender.
- 36(viii) The company has not entered into any transactions with struck off-companies u/s 248 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Previous years figures have been regrouped/reclassified whenever necessary to correspond with the current years classification/disclosure.

Director

DIN: 06395769

As per our report attached.

For N J Shetty & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.140718W

Nisha Shetty

Proprieto Membership No: 16472

Place: Mumbai Date: May 22, 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors InstaSafe Technologies Private Limited

BANGALORE

ECHNOLO

Prakash Baburao Ranc

DIN: 00152393

# N. J. SHETTY & ASSOCIATES Chartered Accountants

304/A, Shree LaxmiNagar, Bldg. -2, Kharigaon, Bhayandar (East), Thane - 401 105. Mobile No.: 96640 69959

Email-id: nisha.shetty85@gmail.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Members of Instasafe Technologies Private Limited

#### Report on the Audit of Standalone financial statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone financial statements of Instasafe Technologies Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity and the Standalone Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, the profit (financial performance including total comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the Standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Standalone financial statements.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters ('KAM') are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matters	Auditor's Response	S ACCOUNTANTS
Revenue – Transfer pricing adjustment to in	tercompany revenue	140718W CO
As described in Note 29 to the Financial Statements, Instasafe INC, being a wholly owned subsidiary of the company, is engaged	are as follows:	lating to transfer pricing adjustment

primarily into sale of software licenses and other products developed by the company. Considering various factors, an arm's length mark-up has been computed and the company has invoiced for the transfer pricing adjustment.

- We have read the terms and conditions of the agreement entered into between parties.
- The assumptions used in computing the arm's lengh markup have been relied upon.
- Verified the computation of the transfer pricing adjustment made

# Evaluation of uncertain tax positions

The Company has material uncertain tax position including matter under dispute which involves significant judgment to determine the possible outcome of these dispute.

Refer Note 28 to the Standalone Financial Statements

We involved our internal experts to evaluate the management's underlying assumptions in determining disclosures made in the financial statements and the possible outcome of the dispute. Our internal experts also considered legal precedence and other material in evaluating management's position on these uncertain tax position.

# Recognition of Intangible Asset

The Company has recognised material amount as an intangible asset during the financial year.

Ind AS 38 requires, for recognition of an intangible asset, fulfilling following criteria prescribed:

- · Technical and commercial feasibility
- · Intention to complete and ability to use it
- Ability of the asset to generate future economic benefits
- Availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources
- Ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset

Refer to Note 30 to the Standalone Financial Statements

We have evaluated the management assertion of the expenditure capitalised with respect to the criteria for capitalisation.

# Information Other than the Standalone financial statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Management and Board of Director's is responsible for the preparation of other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the Standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of Standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report the fact. We are unable to report on any misstatements with respect to other information as the same wasn't made available for verification.

# Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibility for the Standalone financial statements

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to preparation of these Standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position and financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone financial statements, the management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone financial statements.

As a part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
  sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement
  resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
  intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for
  expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the
  operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events and conditions that may cast a significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone financial statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the Standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
  a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Standalone financial statements that, individually or in the aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Standalone financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

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- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
  - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
  - b. In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books.
  - c. The Standalone Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
  - e. On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023, from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164 (2) of the Act.
  - f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
  - g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
    - The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial positions in Note
      of its Standalone financial statements.
    - The Company did not have any long -term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.

There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or

invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

- (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- No dividend has been declared or paid during the year.

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- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:
  In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- 2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

For N J Shetty & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 140718W

Nisha Shetty Proprietor ICAI Membership No. 164725

Place: Mumbai Date: May 22, 2023

# ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Instasafe Technologies Private Limited of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Instasafe Technologies Private Limited** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

# Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company.

# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

ACCOUNTANTS F. R. NO.

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For N J Shetty & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 140718W

Nisha Shetty Proprietor

ICAI Membership No. 164725

Place: Mumbai Date: May 22, 2023

# ANNEXURE 'B' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Instasafe Technologies Private Limited of even date)

On the basis of such checks as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanation given to us during the course of our audit, we report that:

# i. Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets:

- a) The Company has maintained fixed assets records showing full particulars and includes quantitative details and situation of its Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets on the basis of available information in electronic spreadsheet.
- b) The Company has a program of physical verification of Property, Plant and Equipment so to cover all the assets once every three years which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the program, certain Property, Plant and Equipment were due for verification during the year and were physically verified by the Management during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, this clause is not applicable to the Company since it does not own any immovable property.
- d) The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment (including rightof-use assets) and intangible assets during the year.
- e) No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2023 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.

#### ii. Inventories:

- a) The Company is in the business of providing software services and does not have any physical inventories. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of ₹ 5 crore, in aggregate, at any points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

#### iii. Loans given by company:

The Company has not investments in or provided any guarantee or security or granted any advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties.

## iv. Loans, investments, guarantees and securities as per Section 185 and 186:

Company has not granted any loan to any director or parties covered under section 185 and in respect of investments, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 during the year. No such Guarantee or Security was given during the year.



#### v. Acceptance of Deposits:

According to information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public. Consequently, the provisions of clause 3 (v) of the Order are not applicable to the company.

### vi. Maintenance of Cost records:

As informed to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 148 of the Companies Act 2013 for the business activities carried out by the Company. Thus, reporting under clause 3 (vi) of the order is not applicable to the Company.

### vii. In respect of Statutory Dues:

- a) According to the records of the Company, Provident Fund, Investor Education and Protection Fund, Employees' State Insurance Fund, Income Tax, Value Added Tax, Wealth Tax, Customs Duty, Excise Duty, Cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable to it have generally been regularly deposited during the year with the appropriate authorities.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, income tax, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable except for Rs. 59,602/- which is outstanding for more than six months on account of Service -tax, Swachh Bharat Cess and Krishi Kalyan Cess.
- c) Details of dues of Income Tax which have not been deposited as at March 31, 2023 on account of dispute are given below:

Nature of the Statute	Nature of dues	Forum where dispute is pending	Period to which the amount relates	Amount (Rs)
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Income tax	Commissioner of Income tax (Appeals)	2016 - 2017	38,85,541

#### viii. Undisclosed Income:

There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).

#### ix. Default in Repayment of loans:

- a) The Company has not taken any loans or other borrowings from any lender. Hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- c) The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no outstanding term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.

- e) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.
- f) The Company has not raised any loans during the year and hence reporting on clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.

# x. Utilization of IPO, FPO or Term Loan obtained:

- a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

#### xi. Reporting on Fraud:

- No fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
- c) On the basis of information received, there were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year (and upto the date of this report).

#### xii. Nidhi Company:

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.

# xiii. Related Party Transactions:

According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has disclosed all the transactions with related parties during the year in the Standalone financial statements and the same are in accordance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 and as required by the applicable Accounting Standards.

#### xiv. Internal Audit:

In our opinion the provisions of 138 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the Company and accordingly provisions of clause 3(xiv) (a) and (b) of the Order are not applicable

#### xv. Non cash transactions:

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with Directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.

### xvi. Registration u/s 45IA of RBI Act, 1934:

a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.

b) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.

### xvii. Cash Loss:

The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.

## xviii. Statutory Auditors:

There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.

### xix. Financial Ratios:

On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

#### xx. Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR):

The Provisions of Section 135 is not applicable to the company is and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) and (b) of the Order is not applicable.

For N J Shetty & Associates

Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 140718W

Nisha Shetty Proprietor

ICAI Membership No. 164725

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 22, 2023

34	D.	:-	773	nous	D

			(Rs. in Thousar
Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
I. ASSETS			
1 Non-current assets			
a) Property, plant and equipment	4	1,613	9
b) Capital work-in-progress	4		
c) Other Intangible Assets	4	58,271	47,9
d) Financial assets			71,7
i) Investments	5	175	1
ii) Other Financial Assets	6	1,132	
e) Deferred tax assets	17	1,609	3,7
f) Income Tax Assets	11	1,040	1,4
Total non-current assets		63,840	54,5
2 Current assets			
a) Financial assets			
i) Investments	7	538	
ii) Trade receivables	8	22,216	5
iii) Cash and cash equivalents	9	4,416	17,2
iv) Others financial assets	10	6,773	4,5
b) Current tax assets (Net)	11	4,088	
c) Other current assets	12	1,846	3,7
Total current assets		39,877	1,4 27,5
Total Assets		1,03,717	
I.	-	1,03,717	82,10
EQUITY & LIABILITIES			
Equity			
a) Equity share capital	13	1 212	
b) Other equity	14	1,212	1,2
Total equity	"	33,664 34,876	19,3
2 Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities	1 1		
a) Financial Liabilities:			
i) Borrowings	15		atara
b) Provisions	15	15,551	14,13
c) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	16	3,587	2,85
d) Other non-current liabilities	18	*****	
	10	36,082	38,62
Current liabilities	-	55,221	55,62
a) Financial Liabilities:			
i) Trade payables			
a) Trade payables - outstanding dues to micro and small enterprises	10		
b) Trade payables - outstanding dues to other than micro and small enterprises	19	9	
ii) Other financial liabilities	19	2,541	
b) Provisions	20	5,200	2,2
c) Other current liabilities	16	82	
by Some soliton natures	21	5,788	3,5
		13,620	5,92
Total Equity and Liabilities		1,03,717	82,10
Notes 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements			

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our audit report of even date

85 AS

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS F. R. NO.

140718W THANE

For N J Shetty & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.140718W

Nicha Shetty Desprietor Membership No: 164725

Place : Mumbai Date : May 22, 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors InstaSafe Technologies Private Lamited

Handto Sandip Kumar Panda

Director DIN: 06395769

Prakash Baburao Rane

DIN: 00152393

BANGALORE

(Rs. in Thousand)

	Particulars		For the year ended	March 31
		Notes	2023	2022
1	Income			
	a) Revenue from operations	22	1,16,016	50,373
	b) Other income	23	5,121	3,610
	Total Income		1,21,136	53,983
2	Expenses			
	a) Employee benefits expense	24	42,029	29,353
	b) Finance costs	25	1,414	1,387
	c) Depreciation and amortisation expense	26	17,642	12,953
	d) Other expenses	27	45,266	
	Total expenses		1,06,351	25,505 <b>69,198</b>
3	Profit before exceptional items and tax (1-2)		14,785	45.015
4	Exceptional item		14,705	(15,215)
5	Profit before tax (3-4)		14,785	(15,215)
6	Tax expense			
	a) Current tax			
	b) Deferred tax		70	
		17	2,134	4,266
	c) Excess Provision of Tax for earlier years		(1,385)	
	Total Tax expense		820	4,266
7	Profit for the year from continuing operations (5-6)		13,966	(10,949)
8	Other comprehensive income (OCI)			
	Items that will not to be reclassified to profit or loss			
	Measurements of defined employee benefit plans		351	164
	Income tax effect on the above			
	Total Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) net of Tax		351	164
9	Total comprehensive income for the year (7+8)		14,317	(10,786)
	Earnings per equity share of Rs. 10 each			
	a) Basic (In Rs.)	34	118.15	(89.01)
	b) Diluted (In Rs.)	34	74.40	(56.05)
	Notes 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements			

This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our audit report of even date

HARTERED COUNTANTS F. R. NO. 140718W

THANE

For N J Shetty & Associates Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.140718W

Nisha Shetty Proprietor

Membership No: 164725

Place : Mumbai Date : May 22, 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors InstaSafe Technologies Private Limited

BANGALORE

Sandip Kumar Panda

Director DIN: 06395769 Prakash Baburao Rane

Director

DIN: 00152393

		(Rs. in Thousand
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit / (Loss) before tax from continuing operations	4.4 700	
Profit / (Loss) before tax from discontinuing operations	14,785	(15,215)
Profit before income tax including discontinued operations	11 707	
and the meaning discondined operations	14,785	(15,215)
Non-cash adjustment to profit /(loss) before tax:		
Depreciation	17,642	12,953
Interest income		(582)
Finance cost	1,414	1,387
Fair Valuation Gain on Preference Shares	(2,547)	(2,759)
Debtor Balances written-off	(198.11)	268
Change in fair value of financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	189	17
	31,483	(3,932)
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables	(4,987)	6,572
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	2,469	(578)
Decrease/(increase) in loans & other financial assets (Non-current)	(786)	17,095
Decrease/(increase) in Other financial assets (Current)	(6,773)	
Decrease/(increase) in other current assets	(433)	(771)
Increase/(decrease) in other financials liabilities	2,956	758
Increase/(decrease) in other current liabilities	2,260	(4,741)
Increase/(decrease) in non-current provisions	729	733
Increase/(decrease) in current provisions	12	13
Cash from Operations	26,930	15,149
Direct tax paid	1,341	(2,222)
Net cash flow generated /(used in) operating activities (A)	28,272	12,927
Cash flow from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(920)	(615)
Payment for software development cost	(27,532)	(22,943)
(Investment in) / Redemption of mutual funds	(m) 40,000)	(design Hal)
Interest income		582
Net cash from / (used in) investing activity (B)	(28,451)	(22,976)
Cash flow from financing activity		
Increase/(decrease) in financials liabilities - borrowings	120	1 207
Increase/(decrease) in fair value of Preference Shares Liability	1,414 (2,547)	1,387
Fair Valuation Gain on Preference Shares	2,547	(2,759) 2,759
Finance cost	(1,414)	
Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activity ('C)	(1,414)	(1,387)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash & cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(180)	(9,982)
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	4,596	14,577
Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the year	4,416	4,596
Cook and each continue		
Cash and cash equivalents Balance with Bank		
Cash in hand	4,416	4,596
Cash in hand Cheques in hand	-	
	-	
Total	4,416	4,596

For NJ Shetty & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.140718W

Y 85 AS

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS F. R. NO. 140718 V THANE

Nisha Shetty Proprietor Membership No: 164725

Place : Mumbai Date : May 22, 2023

ndip Kumar Panda Director DIN: 06395769

Prakash Baburao Rane .O.T.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Instabate Technologies Private Limited

Director DIN: 00152393

# A Equity Share Capital

	Changes in equity	n	Changes in equity	(Rs. in Thousand)
Balance as at April 01, 2021	share capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance	share capital during the year	Balance as at March 31, 2022
1,212		1,212	-	1,212

(Rs. in Thousand) Changes in equity Changes in equity Restated balance Balance as Balance as at April 01, 2022 share capital due to share capital during s at April 01, 2022 at March 31, 2023 prior period errors the year 1,212 1,212 1,212

# B Other Equity

		Other I	Equity	
Particulars	Reserves	and Surplus	Items of other comprehensive income	Total
	Securities Premium Reserve	Retained Earnings	Actuarial Gain / (Loss)	Total
As at April 01, 2021	15,379	15,229	(474)	30,134
Profit/(Loss) for the Year		(10,949)		(10,949)
Remeasurement of defined benefit Plan			164	164
Balance as at March 31, 2022	15,379	4,279	(310)	19,348
As at April 01, 2022	15,379	4,279	(310)	19,348
Profit/(Loss) for the Year		13,966		13,966
Remeasurement of defined benefit Plan			351	351
Balance as at March 31, 2023	15,379	18,245	40	33,664

Notes 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements

This is the Statement of Changes in Equity referred to in our audit report of even date

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**ACCOUNTANTS** F. R. NO. 140718W

THANE

Pursuant to the requirements of Division II to Schedule III, below is the nature and purpose of each reserve:

Securities premium - Securities premium reserve is used to record the premium received on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of section 52 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Retained earnings - Retained earnings comprises of prior and current year's undistributed earnings after tax.

As per our report attached.

For N J Shetty & Associates

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.140718W

Nisha Shetty

Proprietor membership IVO: 104/25

Place : Mumbai Date : May 22, 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

InstaSafe Technologies Private Limited

Prakash Baburao Rane Sandip Kumar Panda

DIN: 06395769

BANGALORE

Director DIN: 00152393

Instasafe Technologies Private Limited Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

4. Property, plant and equipment

ng Value	As at 31st March 2022	70Z	33	241	926	47,924	48,900	38,295	*
Net carrying Value	As at 31st March 2023	557	595	492	1,613	58,271	59,884	48,900	
ent	As at 31st March 2023	1,500	172	54	1,726	47,215	48,941	31,298	
n and impairme	Deductions or Adjustments								
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	Depreciation / amortisation for the year	370	42	46	458	17,185	17,642	12,953	
Ac	As at 1st April 2022	1,130	130	8	1,268	30,030	31,298	18,345	
	As at 31st March 2023	2,057	737	546	3,340	1,05,485	1,08,825	80,198	
lue	Transfers				Ī.				27,532
Gross carrying Value	Deletions during the year			,					
-G	Additions during the year	224	574	297	1,095	27,532	28,627	23,558	27,532
	As at 1st April 2022	1,833	163	249	2,244	77,954	80,198	56,640	
	Particulars	Property, plant and equipments:	Office equipment	Office Furniture	Total	Intangible assets: Software	Grand Total	Previous year	Capital work-in-progress

Deletions during the Transfers						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	the carrying taine
year	As at 31st March 2022	As at 1st April 2021	Depreciation / amortisation for the year	Deductions or Adjustments	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
	1,833	839	291		061,1	702	627
	163	107	23	t.	130	33	99
	249		80		80	241	,
CONT 08 4.5	2,244	946	322	,	1,268	926	683
ACCOUNTAITS ER NO.	77,954	17,399	12,631		30,030	47,924	37,612
THOUGHT /S	80,198	18,345	12,953		31,298	48,900	38,295
*	56,640	9,405	8,940		18,345	38,295	30,427
. 22,943							
131 10 131	CHARTERED CACCOUNTALITS E. NO. HO. HO. HO. THAME	- 7 S	80,198 1 56,640 56,943 -	80,198 18,345 1 56,640 9,405 -	80,198 18,345 12,631 56,640 9,405 8,940	80,198 18,345 12,953 - 22,943	RED     Q     T7,954     17,399     12,631     -     30,030        80,198     18,345     12,953     -     31,298        56,640     9,405     8,940     18,345

# 5 Non-current Investments

(Rs. in Thousand)

			As at M	farch 31	
Particulars	Face Value	20	023	175 100	22
		No	Amount	No	Amount
Investment in equity instruments Unquoted					
Investment in Subsidiary at cost Instasafe INC.	\$25.00	100	175	100	175
Total Non-current Investments			175		175
Aggregate books value of quoted Investments			- 1		
Aggregate market value of investments designated at fair value through OCI Aggregate amount of unquoted investments			- 175		- 175

6 Other Financial Assets - Non Current (Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars 2023 2022

Particulars	2023	2022
Security Deposits	2023	2022
Unsecured, considered good	1,132	347
Total non-current loans	1,132	347

#### 7 Current Investments

(Rs. in Thousand)

The state of the s	As at Ma	rch 31,
Particulars	2023	2022
Investment in mutual funds		
Quoted		
Investments carried at Fair value through the statement of Profit and Loss:		
Investments in Mutual Funds	538	513
Total Current Investments	538	513

Aggregate books value of quoted investments	538	513
Aggregate market value of investments designated at FVTPL	538	513
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	-	

#### 8 Trade Receivable

(Rs. in Thousand)

Trade Receivable		(***** *** *	mo womiter)	
Particulars		As at Ma	arch 31,	
		2023	2022	
Trade Receivable				
Trade Receivables - Considered good and secured	,	*		
Trade Receivables - Considered good and unsecured		22,216	17,229	
Trade Receivables - Doubtful which have significant increase in Credit Risk				
Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired		-		
Total Trade Receivable		22,216	17,229	

Trade Receivable Ageing March-23

	As at March 31, 2023						
Particulars		6 Month - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	19,009	3,138	68			22,216	
Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk							
Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired			-	-	-	-	
Disputed Trade Receivables - considered good			-	*	-	-	
Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-		-	-	-		
Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired			-	*	-		
Total Trade receivables	19,009	3,138	68	-		22,216	



Trade	Receivable	Ageing	March-22
T. T. September	recention	Table on 18	TANGET PAR

	As at March 31, 2022					
Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 Month - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	12,541	4,472		2	214	17,229
Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	3-11-5				-	
Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired		-	-		-	
Disputed Trade Receivables- considered good		-			-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk			-			-
Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired		-	-		*	
Total Trade receivables	12,541	4,472	-	2	214	17,229

9 Cash and cash equivalents

44/11/	2340	0.02
(Rs.	in	Thousand

* 200 CONT	As at Mar	rch 31,
Particulars	2023	2022
Balances with banks in current accounts		
(i) In current accounts	4,416	4,596
(ii) Deposits with original maturity less than 3 months		
Cash on hand		
Total cash and cash equivalents	4,416	4,596

***	4.0	rute.		
KS.	10	In	ousa	na)

	As at Ma	rch 31,
Particulars	2023	2022
Accruals - receivables	6,773	
Total Current loans	6,773	-

717	-	4	
(Rs.	in	T	ousand

Passionless	As at Ma	rch 31,
Particulars	2023	2022
Current Assets	to the state of	
Income tax paid	4,158	11,451
Less: - Provision for Income tax	70	7,690
Total Current Income Tax Assets (net)	4,088	3,761

Non - Current Assets		
TDS Receivable FY 17-18		391
TDS Receivable FY 16-17	1,040	1,040
Total Non Current Income Tax Assets (net)	1,040	1,431

12

Other current assets	(Rs. in ]	housand)
Particulars	As at Ma	rch 31,
	2023	2022
Prepaid expense	1,724	1,342
Advance to Vendor		71
Balances with statutory / revenue authorities	52	
Other Receivables	70	1
Total Other current assets	1,846	1,413

15 Borrowing

Particulars Particulars	As at Ma	arch 31,
	2023	2022
Loan from ABM Knowledgeware Limited - Preference share liability	15,551	14,137
Total Borrowing	15,551	14,137



(Rs. in Thousand)

Particulars	Non c	Non current As at March 31,		Current	
	As at M			rch 31,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Provision for Gratuity	3,587	2,858	82	70	
Total Provisions	3,587	2,858	82	70	

Deferred Tax Asset/Liability	(Rs. in T	(housand)	
Particulars	As at Ma	As at March 31,	
Particulars	2023	2022	
Taxable Temporary/Deductible Difference			
Expenses allowed on Payment basis	923	737	
Tax Losses to be carried forward		4,100	
Depreciation adjustment as per Books and Income Tax	686	(1,093)	
Total Deferred Asset/(Liability)	1,609	3,744	

Particulars	Opening	Recognise d in Profit and Loss	Closing Balance
2022-23			
Deferred Tax Liability/Asset in Relation to			
Property Plant Equipment	(1,093)	1,779	686
Tax Losses to be carried forward	4,100	(4,100)	
Expenses provided but allowable on payment basis	737	186	923
Total	3,744	(2,134)	1,609
2021-22			
Deferred Tax Liability/Asset in Relation to			
On Property Plant Equipment	(1,112)	19	(1,093
Expenses provided but allowable on payment basis		4,100	4,100
	590	147	737
Total	(522)	4,266	3,744

# 18 Other Non Current liabilities

Particulars	As at Ma	arch 31
Particulars	2023	2022
Fair valuation liability on preference shares	36,082	38,629
Total Other Non Current liabilities	36,082	38,629



#### 

Trade payables Ageing March-23 (Rs. in 7			Thousand)			
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023					
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
Micro and small enterprises	9			-	9	
Other than micro and small enterprises	2,541			*	2,541	
Disputed dues - micro and small enterprises						
Disputed dues - creditors other than micro and small enterprises		-		*	-	
Total Trade payables	2,550			-	2,550	

Trade payables Ageing March-22				(Rs. in '	Thousand)		
Particulars		As at March 31, 2022					
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total		
Micro and small enterprises					-		
Other than micro and small enterprises	81	4			81		
Disputed dues - micro and small enterprises		3 1	-	-	4		
Disputed dues - creditors other than micro and small enterprises	TALL DESIGNATION		Mar 191				
Total Trade payables	81	-		-	81		

(Rs. in Thousand)

2022

738

738

As at March 31

2023

831

831

Salary & Employee Benefit Payable	896	896	
Liability for expenses	4,304	1,348	
Total Other financial liabilities	5,200	2,244	
Other current liabilities	(Rs. in T	housand	
Particulars	As at March 3		
	2023	2022	
Starutory Liabilities	4,958	2,097	
Advance from Customers		694	
Unearned Revenue: Orsesing Balance	738	573	

Particulars

**Total Other Current liabilities** 

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20 Other financial liabilities

Less: Revenue recognised

Add: Contract Liability

Total Unearned Revenue

21

# 13 Equity share capital

(Rs. in Thousand)

	As at Ma	rch 31	As at Ma	rch 31	
Particulars	2023		2023	202	2
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount	
Authorised share Capital					
(a) Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each with voting rights	1,56,600	1,566	1,56,600	1,566	
(b) Compulsory convertible Preference shares		100			
of Rs. 170/- each	73,142	12,434	73,142	12,434	
	2,29,742	14,000	2,29,742	14,000	
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up share capital  (a) Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each with voting rights  (b) Compulsory convertible Preference shares  of Rs. 170/- each	1,21,175	1,212	1,21,175	1,212	
of Rs. 170/- each	1,21,175	1,212	1,21,175	1,212	

#### Notes:

(i) Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period:

Equity share capital

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023		As at March	31, 2022
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Opening Balance	1,21,175	1,212	1,21,175	1,212
Conversion of compulsory convertible preference shares into equity share				
Closing Balance	1,21,175	1,212	1,21,175	1,212

# (ii) The rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The Company has issued one class of shares referred to as equity shares with a par value of Rs. 10/- each. The voting rights on equity shares is restricted to only one vote per share.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

# (iii) Terms of conversion of compulsory convertible preference shares

Preference shares will be converted into such number of fully paid up equity shares as per the terms & conditions set out in Share subscription and share holding agreement (SSSHA) within a period of 20 years from the effective date of SSSHA i.e. 12 May 2017.

# (iv) Disclosure of number of shares held by Holding Company

As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
25,225	25,225
	March 31, 2023



# (v) Details of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares:

	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
Name of shareholder	Number of shares held	% holding in that class of shares	Number of shares held	% holding in that class of shares
Equity shares of Rs.10/- fully paid up with				
voting rights				
Sandip Kumar Panda	63,631	52.5%	63,631	52.5%
Biju George	15,151	12.5%	15,151	12.5%
Sunil Kumar Pillai	7,070	5.8%	7,070	5.8%
Prashanth Guruswamy	10,098	8.3%	10,098	8.3%
ABM Knowledgeware Limited	25,225	20.8%	25,225	20.8%

# (vi) Details of shares held by Promoters

Shares held by promoters	As	As at March 31, 2023		
Promoter name	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year	
Sandip Kumar Panda	63,631	52.51%		
Biju George	15,151	12.50%		
Prashanth Guruswamy	10,098	8.33%		
ABM Knowledgeware Limited	25,225	20.82%		

Shares held by promoters	As at March 31, 2022		
Promoter name	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year
Sandip Kumar Panda	63,631	52.51%	
Biju George	15,151	12.50%	
Prashanth Guruswamy	10,098	8.33%	-
ABM Knowledgeware Limited	25,225	20.82%	

# 14 Other equity

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
(a) Securities Premium		
Opening balance	15,379	15,379
Add: Premium received on allotment		
Add: Premium on conversion of compulsory convertible preference shares into equity		
shares	-	
Closing balance	15,379	15,379
(b) Surplus / (Deficit) in Statement of Profit and Loss		
Opening balance	3,969	14,755
Add: Ind AS 115 Transition Effect		V
Less: Profit / (Loss) for the year	14,317	(10,786)
Closing balance	18,286	3,969
Total Other Equity (a) + (b)	33,665	19,348



levenue From Operations	Year ended March 31,	
Particulars	2023	2022
Income from sale of products and services	1,34,031	57,696
Less: GST Recovered	(18,015)	(7,322)
Total revenue from operations	1,16,016	50,373

(Rs. in Thousand) 23 Other income

Particulars	Year ended March 31,	
Particulars	2023	2022
Income related to financial assets		
Interest on FD		582
Interest on income tax refund	392	
Other non - operating income		
Fair valuation gain on preference shares	2,547	2,759
Fair valuation on financial asset	25	17
Miscellaneous Income	0	3
Gain on foreign currency translation	2,157	248
Total Other Income	5,121	3,610

24 Employee benefit expenses (Rs. in Thousand)

Particulars	Year ended March 31,	
	2023	2022
Salaries, Incentives and allowances	39,842	27,634
Contribution to provident and other funds	2,131	1,540
Staff welfare Expenses	56	179
Total Employee Benefit Expenses	42,029	29,353

(Rs. in Thousand) Year ended March 31,

Particulars	2023	2022	
Interest Expenses on Loan From ABM	1,414	1,387	
Total finance cost	1,414	1,387	

(Rs. in Thousand)

	Year ended March 31,	
Particulars	2023	2022
Depreciation	17,471	322
Amortisation of Intangible Asset	172	12,631
Total depreciation and amortisation expenses	17,642	12,953

(Rs. in Thousand) 27 (i) Other expenses

Particulars	Year ended March 31,	
	2023	2022
Rent	1,739	140
Rates and taxes	737	16
Communication expenses	961	55
Commission	2,815	3,10
Data centre expenses	630	54
Travelling and conveyance	2,179	39
Purchase/subscription of software	640	23
Sales promotion and marketing expenses	4,528	2,35
Website hosting/Domain renewals	386	30.
Professional Fee to Consultants	11,571	15,84.
Bank charges	29	1
Cloud Charges	13,165	
Insurance Expenses	1,322	45
Miscellaneous expenses	4,480	1,30
Total other expenses	45,181	25,42

(Rs. in Thousand) 27 (ii) Payment to auditors

Particulars	Year ended Ma	Year ended March 31,	
	2023	2022	
Audit of the Company:			
Statutory Audit Fee	85	85	
Total payment to auditors	85	85	



#### Instasafe Technologies Private Limited

Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

28 Contingent liabilities and capital commitments (to the extend not provided for):

(Rs. in Thousand)

Particulars	As at March 31,		
randemars	2023	2022	
(i) Contingent Liabilities:			
Claims against the Company, not acknowledged as debts*	3,886	3,886	
Capital commitments:			
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital contracts and not provided for			
Other Commitments			

\*For Assessment Year 2016 - 2017, the Company has received assessment order u/s 143(3) of the Income Tax Act, dated 18th December 2018, raising a tax demand of Rs. 38,85,541. The Company has already contested the demand at the appropriate Appellate Forum and the Management feels that the outcome of the appeal will be in the company's favour in as much as the grounds on which the additions made to the income are applicable to many start-ups.

#### 29 Revenue

Instasafe INC ('Instasafe US') was incorporated in August, 2018 as a wholly owned subsidiary of Instasafe Technologies Private Limited ('Instasafe India'). Instasafe US was engaged mainly as a distributor for sale of software licenses and other products which are developed by Instasafe India.

Any transaction with an associated enterprise which is non-resident and have an bearing on the profits, income, losses or assets of such enterprises, then such transaction are termed as 'international transaction'. Such International transaction entered with the associated enterprise will result into applicability of transfer pricing provisions as per the Income Tax Act, 1961. The transfer pricing provisions requires the transaction between associated enterprises to be at arm's length. The transfer pricing provisions entails computation of Arm's length price through various methods and benchmark analysis, and this price is used for transacting with the associated enterprise.

#### 30 Intangible Assets

During the Financial year 2022-23, an additional amount of Rs. 27,532 thousand has been recognised as an Intangible asset on fulfilment of the recognition criteria during the financial year 2022-23.

The useful life of the intangible asset is estimated to be 5 years and overall amortisation has been worked out accordingly.

31 Earnings in Foreign Exchange

(Rs. in Thousand)

Particulars	For the year ended		
Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
Service-as a -Subscription	67,831	9,619	

#### 32 Employee benefits

#### a) Short term employee benefits

All employee benefits falling due within twelve months of rendering the services are classified as short term employee benefits, which include benefits like salaries, wages and performance incentives and are recognised as expenses in the period in which the employee renders the related services.

# b) Long term employee benefits

# Defined contribution plans

Provident fund:

The company operated defined benefits contribution retirement benefits plans for all qualifying employees. The total expense recognized in the statement of profit and loss of Rs. 10,39,540 represents contributions paid to provident fund by the Company at rates specified in rules of the plans.(For the year ended March 31, 2022: Rs. 7,93,422)



Movement in plan assets and Plan liabilities:-

	(Rs. in Thousand)
Marc	ch 31,
	2022

		(
Particulars	As at Marc	h 31,
	2023	2022
Amount recognised in the statement of Profit and Loss		
Current service cost	884	587
Finance cost/(income)	208	159
Past service cost		
Total expense recognised in the Statement of profit /loss	1,092	746
Amount recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss recognised for the period	(351)	(164)
Return on plan assets excluding net interest		
Total actuarial (gain)/loss recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)	(351)	(164)

Particulars	As at Ma	arch 31,
tanges in present value of obligation esent value of obligation at the beginning erest cost rrent service cost st service cost nefits paid tuarial (Gains)/Losses on present value of obligation esent value of obligation at the end	2023	2022
Changes in present value of obligation		TERMINIDE .
Present value of obligation at the beginning	2,928	2,346
Interest cost	208	159
Current service cost	884	587
Past service cost		
Benefits paid		
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on present value of obligation	(351)	(164)
Present value of obligation at the end	3,669	2,928
Actuarial assumptions		
Financial assumptions		
Discount rate	7.29%	7.10%
Salary Escalation	5.00%	5.00%
Attrition	2.00%	2.00%
Demographic assumptions		
Mortality rate	IALM (2012-14) Ultimate	IALM (2006-08) Ultimate

# c) The defined benefit obligations shall mature after year-end March 31, 2023 as follows:

		(Rs. in Thousand)			
Year	As at Marc	As at March 31,			
rear	2023	2022			
First year	82	70			
Second year	94	72			
Third year	103	83			
Fourth year	120	91			
Fifth year	132	102			
Sixth to Ten year	747	575			

# Sensitivity analysis:

Below is the sensitivity analysis determined for significant actuarial assumption for determination of defined obligation and based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period.

Particular	As at March 31,			
Farticular	2023	2022		
Discount rate increase by 100 basis Points	3,248	2,586		
Discount rate decrease by 100 basis Points	4,166	3,332		
Salary Escalation rate increase by 100 basis points	4,087	3,255		
Salary Escalation rate decrease by 100 basis points	3,275	2,587		



# Instasafe Technologies Private Limited Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

#### 33 Related party transactions

a) List of related parties and its relationships

Directors

Mr. Sandip Kumar Panda

Mr. Sharadchandra Damodar Abhyankar

Mr. Prakash Baburao Rane Mr. Prashanth Guruswamy

Holding Company Wholly Owned Subsidiary ABM Knowledgeware Ltd

Instasafe INC

b) Following is the summary of significant transactions with related parties

(Rs. in Thousand)

For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022	
6,500	4,500	
5,600	3,600	
60,563	9,619	
	March 31, 2023 6,500 5,600	

c) The balances receivable from and to payable to related parties are as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	
Payable to Mr. Sandip Kumar Panda	1,618	150	
Payable to Mr. Prashanth Guruswamy	165	165	
Receivable from Instasafe Inc	58	4,284	
	1,841	4,599	

# 34 Earning Per Share

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
Net Profit After tax(In Rs.)	14,317	(10,786)	
Weighted Average number of Equity shares outstanding basic (in thousand)	121	121	
Weighted Average number of Equity shares outstanding Diluted (in thousand)	192	192	
Earnings per share- Basic (In Rs.) (Face value of Rs. 10/-each)	118.15	(89.01)	
Earnings per share- Diluted (In Rs.) (Face value of Rs. 10/-each)	74.40	(56.05)	

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#### Instasafe Technologies Private Limited

Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

#### 35 Capital management

#### 35.1 Risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to

- (i) Safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and
- (ii) Maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Company monitors capital on the basis of the following gearing ratio:

Net debt (total borrowings net of cash and cash equivalents)

divided by

Total 'equity' (as shown in the balance sheet, including non-controlling interests).

The Company's strategy is to maintain a gearing ratio within 1:1. The gearing ratios were as follows:

	As at Ma	rch 31,
	2023	2022
Net debt	15,551	14,137
Total equity	34,876	20,560
Net debt to equity ratio	0.45	0.69

#### 35.2 Financial Instruments

# (i) Method and assumptions used to estimate the fair value

A number of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value, for both financial as well as non assets and liabilities. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal market or the most advantageous market must be accessible to the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy Based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole. The fair value hierarchy is described as below:

Level 1: unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability

#### March 31, 2023

Particulars		Classif	ication		Fair \	7alue	
	Carrying Value			Amortised			
		FVTPL	FVTOCI	Cost	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets							
Other Financial Assets	7,905			7,905			
Trade Receivables	22,216			22,216	-	-	
Cash & Cash equivalents	4,416			4,416		-	
Investments	713	538		175	538	-	
	35,250	538	-	34,712	538		
Financial Liabilities			Classification		Fair \	Value	
	Carrying Value			Amortised			
		FVTPL	FVTOCI	Cost	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Borrowings	15,551	_		15,551			
Trade payables	2,550			2,550	*	+	-
Other financial liabilities	5,200			5,200	-	-	-
	23,301	-		23,301	-		



# March 31, 2022

Particulars	TENER DIS		Classification			Fair Value	
	Carrying Value			Amortised			
		FVTPL	FVTOCI	Cost	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets		7 7 7 7 7					*
Long Term Loans	347			347			
Trade Receivables	17,229			17,229			
Cash & Cash equivalents	4,596			4,596			
Short term Loans	1			1			
Investments	688	513		175	513		
	22,860	513	-	22,347	513	-	
Financial Liabilities			Classification		Fair V	/alue	
	Carrying Value			Amortised			
		FVTPL	FVTOCI	Cost	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Borrowings	14,137			14,137			
Trade payables	81			81			
Other financial liabilities	2,244			2,244			
	16,462		-	16,462			

# 35.3 Financial Risk Management

The board of director has overall responsibility for the establishment & oversight of the company's risk management framework.

The Company's activities are exposed to various risk viz. Credit Risk, Liquidity Risk and Market Risk. In order to minimise any adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company, it uses various instruments and follows policies set up by the Board of Directors/Management.

#### Credit Risk:

Trade receivables consists of large number of customers spread across diverse industries and geographical areas with no significant concentration of credit risk. The outstanding trade receivables are regularly monitored and appropriate action is taken for collection of overdue receivables.

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# Instasafe Technologies Private Limited Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

# 36 Balance Confirmations from Debtors and Creditors :

The balances of Sundry Debtors, Sundry Creditors and loans & advances are subject to confirmation and considered as per records provided before us. During the year, the management has not sent the confirmation letters. In the opinion of the management, no material differences will arise in the balances.

37 Micro and Small Enterprises

Particulars	For the year ended March 31,		
Particulars	2023	2022	
(a) the principal amount and the interest due thereon (to be shown separately) remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of each accounting year	•		
(b) the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (27 of 2006), along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year			
(c) the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which has been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006			
(d) the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year #			
(e) the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises  Development Act, 2006	-		

<sup>#</sup> The amount due to each vendor is immaterial as per the management and as such no interest has been provided in the previous period.

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Instasafe Technologies Private Limited

Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

#### Additional Disclosure

38(i)

#### Significant Financial Ratios

Ratio	Current Period	Previous Period	% of Variance	Reason for Variance
a) Current Ratio	2.93	4.64	(36.97)	Note I
(b) Return on Equity Ratio (%)	0.50	-0.42	219.43	Note 2
(c) Trade Receivables tumover ratio	5.88	2.43	141.73	Note 3
(d) Net capital turnover ratio	4.42	2.33	89,37	Note 4
(e) Net profit ratio (%)	12%	-22%	155.38	Note 5
(f) Return on Capital employed (%)	45%	-67%	169.06	Note 6
(g) Return on investment (%)	4.69%	3.42%	37.03	Note 7

- Note 1: Current ratio has decreased on account of the increase in current liability & decrease in current assets for the current year.
- Note 2: The return on Equity ratio has increased significantly on account of Profit in CY as compared to loss in last year.
- Note 3: Teade Receivables turnover ratio has increased on account of the significant increase in Sales in the current year.
- Note 4: Net capital turnover ratio has increased on account of significant increase in Sales in the current year.
- Note 5: Net profit ratio increased on account of Profit in CY as compared to loss in last year
- Note 6: Return on capital Employed has increased on account of Profit in CY as compared to loss in last year.
- Note 7: Return on Investment has increased on account of higher return as compared to last year on the underlying fund.
- 38(ii) There are no immovable property held by the company.
- 38(iii) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment.
- No Loans or Advances in the nature of loans are granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties. There are no capital work in-progress and intangible assets under development. 38(iv)
- 38(v)
- No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2023 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made theseunder. 38(vi)
- 38(vii) The company is not declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender. 38(viii) The company has not entered into any transactions with struck off-companies u/s 248 of the Companies Act, 2013

COUNTANTS

F. R. NO. 140718W

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39 Previous years figures have been regrouped/reclassified whenever necessary to correspond with the current years classification/disclosure.

As per our report attached.

For N J Shetty & Associates Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.140718W

Nisha Shetty Membership No: 164725

Place : Mumbai Date : May 22, 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors InstaSafe Technologies Private Limited

BCHNO

BANGALORE

DIN: 06395769 DIN: 00152393